The Future Hospital Royal College of Physicians FH Programme:

EFIM Day, Brussels 19th June 2015

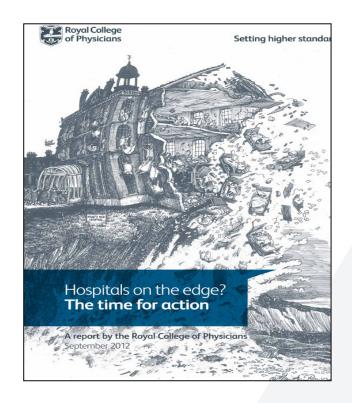
Dr Mark Temple Future Hospital Officer, Royal College of Physicians

Prof Jane Dacre President, Royal College of Physicians

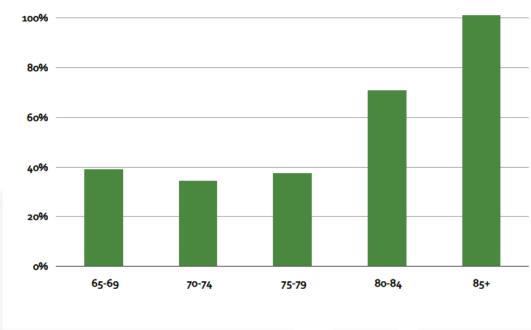




Context for FHC



Growth in the number of older people in England 2010-2030



65% increase admissions age >75 Age >65 = 70% of bed days 25% of all in patients have dementia [31% age 18-59] LOS age > 85 4x that of <65





Drivers for change in hospital services – Europe

Euro-summit future of hospital services 2014

nuffieldtrust evidence for better health care Multiple drivers of change in hospital care Constrained New medical and communications resources and new technologies payment systems National policy/ Growth in use of Hospital markets and regulation of organisation and hospital sector competition delivery Patient and Aging Quality and public population with safety expectation multi morbidity

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Drivers of change in hospital services (UK)

Changing patients, changing expectations, demand 37% rise in acute admissions over 10 years

Quality and Safety: Fractured care

Mortality greater for weekend admissions

Constrained resource – limited public funds for healthcare

Workforce & recruitment

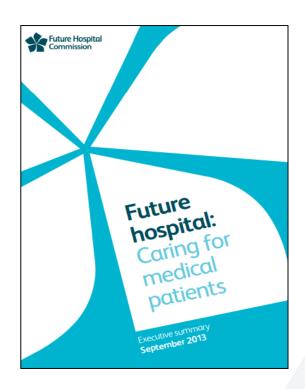
27% of IM trainees work: unmanageable





What does the FHC report cover?

5 work streams - 23 case studies best practice (print, on line, video)



Organisation of medical care and teams
Organised around the needs of patients/close to home

Education, training, deployment of medical staff

Building a culture of compassion and respect Value patient experience as much as outcome

Management, economics and leadership

Information systems





Principles underpinning the future hospital

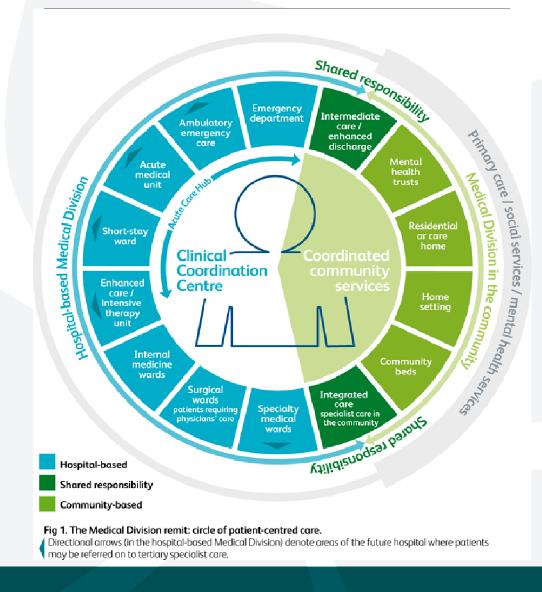
- 1. Fundamental standards of care must always be met
- 2. Patient experience as important as clinical effectiveness
- 3. (Ward, hospital) transfer only for necessary clinical care
- 4. Good communication with/about patients is the norm
- 5. Robust arrangements for transferring of care in place
- 6. Care designed to facilitate self-care & health promotion



A new model of care

Medical Division

- Specialist medical services in hospital and community
- Strong specialty AND generalist care
- Identify gaps vulnerable patients
- Led by Chief of Medicine
- Chief registrar: insight: handover/rota/ ward safety 24/7







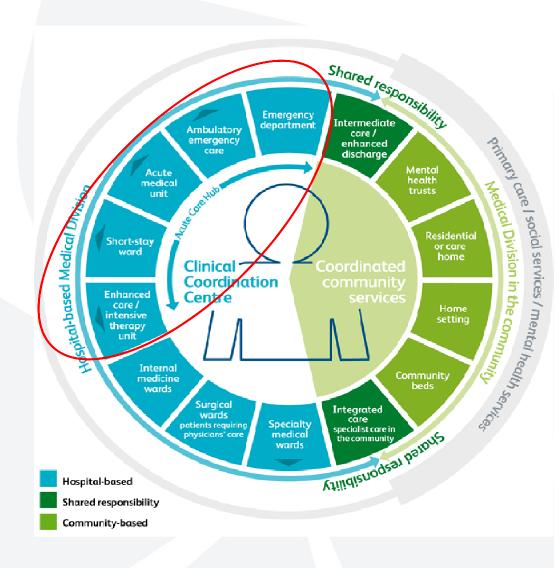
A new model of hospital care

Acute Care Hub

- Co-locate Acute Medical Unit, High dependency level 1-2, Ambulatory care, short stay
- Stabilise acutely ill patients, focus on first 24/48h
- Organise Care & teams to maximise continuity

Supported by:

Clinical Co-ordination Centre







Future Overview:

Recommendations for staff – organisation & training

- Patient at centre of healthcare patterns of staff working to fit
- Stable medical teams particularly for acute care:
 - Deliver continuity of care
 - Training environment feedback & safety
- Balance specialist & generalist care
- Train staff to support pt needs
 - Care close to home
 - Elderly care expertise for all





FH Programme Commissioned - within RCP (1)

Patient centred care:

- Shared decision-making & supporting self-management
- Transition care young adults/ adolescents 16-24

Communication technology

- Develop informatics for ambulatory emergency care
 - Health informatics unit, Computer Science Swansea





FH Programme Commissioned - within RCP (2)

Academia

- 1. Report reviewing: "integrated care" models (175)
- 2. Oxford: test integrated organisation model

Workforce

- Develop "Chief registrar" post 1 year post (ST6/7)
- Physicians Associates
- Enhance status: "Specialty of Internal Medicine"





Development sites - FHC from page to practice Aims:

- Show: how recommendations translate into practice
 - What works/doesn't
- Demonstrate service change is possible
 - Enthusiasm, commitment, expert support
- Identify & promote existing good practice
- Review recommendations/priorities
- Share learning, debate & champion FH





FH Programme development sites

What makes a FH service improvement project?

- Aligned with principles of FHC
- Patient at centre of project :
 - Planning, implementation, impact of service change
 - Patient experience at core of evaluation - "as important as outcome"
- Collaborative partnership with RCP and others

The first 4 sites – 2014



















FHP development sites: evaluation

The Future Hospital Programme will evaluate key aspects of the development sites:

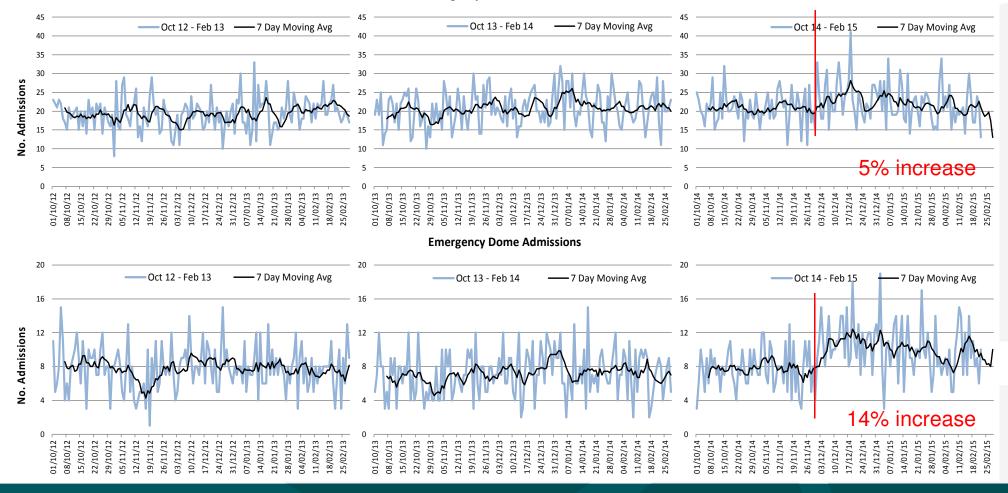
- Clinical processes (including admission rate and length of stay)
- Patient experience
- Staff engagement
- Organisational capacity for change (QIIS)
- Health Economic analysis, sustainability





Admissions: Worthing

Emergency Medical Admissions









Summary

- Future Hospital Report highly influential
- Implementation progressing well
- Sites comprehensive evaluation key
- Potentially transformational for patient care
- Tell us your story & join our partners network







Care should come to the patient & be co-ordinated around their medical and support needs – RCP *Future Hospital Commission*

The future hospital:
A few of these patients...



& lot of these ... restore & maintain optimal health at/ or close to home







Get in touch

- Contact us: <u>futurehospital@rcplondon.ac.uk</u>
- Future Hospital Journal http://futurehospital.rcpjournal.org/
- Tell us your story <u>https://www.rcplondon.ac.uk/projects/future-</u> hospital-tell-us-your-story



